















## **Skin and Wound Product Information Sheet**

PHMB/AMD Antimicrobial Foam Dressing		
Classification	Antiseptic – Polyhexamethylene Biquanide (PHMB) Foam	
Key Points	<ul> <li>White polyurethane foam dressing impregnated with 0.5% PHMB designed to transfer exudate into a secondary cover dressing</li> <li>Broad spectrum topical antiseptic foam dressing effective against gram positive, gram negative bacteria, (MRSA, VRE, pseudomonas) fungi and yeast for up to 7days if foam as not reached its saturation point.</li> </ul>	
Indications	For wounds which show signs and symptoms (S&S) of local wound infection	
Precautions	• N/A	
Contraindications	<ul> <li>Do not use for clients with known sensitivity or allergy to PHMB</li> <li>Do not use with Dakin's Solution or bleach solutions as these solutions deactivate PHMB</li> <li>Do not use as primary dressing on 3<sup>rd</sup> degree burns</li> </ul>	
Formats & Sizes	Sheet	
	pplication Directions	Rationale
Cleanse/irrigate wound with sterile normal saline or agency approved wound cleanser, dry peri-wound skin.  If required, apply skin barrier to peri-wound skin.		Reduces wound debris and allows for adhesion of dressing and tape.  To protect peri-wound from maceration.
Choose a dressing size that will ensure that the dressing extends at least 5cm beyond wound edges. Dressing may be cut or notched to improve application over curves.  If using foam sheet, apply either side directly onto wound bed. Cover with an absorbent secondary dressing.  If using the fenestrated foam sheet or disk, apply dressing against skin around insertion site of the tube/drain/catheter;		Incorrect sizing will adversely affect the dressing absorption functionality.  The foam sheet or disk will transfer exudate through to an absorbent secondary dressing to increase wear time for the foam. The secondary dressing must be monitored and changed when required to minimize
with tube/ drain/catheter tucked snugly into the star cut-out at end of T-slit. Cover with an absorbent secondary dressing if required or secure with appropriate tape or fixative wrap.  If using the fenestrated disk, place disk around the tube/ drain/catheter; position disk on the peri-tube/drain/ catheter skin. Cover with an absorbent secondary dressing if required or secure with appropriate tape.		maceration to the peri-wound skin.  Tube/drain insertion site can be assessed and cleansed daily if required; lift dressing, cleanse and re-position.
To Remove		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	r or tape and gently remove the dressing.	To minimize trauma to the peri-wound skin.
Frequency of Applicat		
May be left in place for up to 7 days. Change when dressing saturation extends to within 1 cm of dressing edge.		Frequency of change will depend on the condition of wound and amount of exudate.
Expected Outcome	Michini 2 citi of dicoonig cuge.	would alloant of exadate.
-	ection are resolved within 2 weeks.	