















## Skin and Wound Product Information Sheet

Skin and Wound Product Information Sheet  Triad		
Key Points	<ul> <li>Zinc-based (15-25%) hydrophilic paste dresopen to air, will dry to provide a cover-like</li> <li>The dry-time will be dependent upon the coccyx area and an incontinent brief is req</li> <li>Not to be used as a protectant against incontinent.</li> </ul>	dressing that adheres to moist, weeping areas and when left dressing amount of exudate in the wound; if using in the sacraluired, allow to completely dry before applying the brief
Indications	<ul> <li>For superficial/shallow wounds that are "difficult to dress" with other types of dressings and which have small to moderate amounts of exudate; with or without a cover dressing</li> <li>For wounds needing autolytic debridement of slough/necrotic tissue/eschar</li> <li>May be used on neonates</li> </ul>	
Precautions	Use with caution on friable wound bed and	
Contraindications	<ul> <li>For undermining/sinuses/tunnels, ensure that all the paste is removed</li> <li>Do not use for clients with known sensitivity or allergy to zinc</li> <li>Do not use in combination with silver products</li> <li>Do not use on 3<sup>rd</sup> degree burns</li> <li>Do not use on untreated clinically-infected wounds</li> </ul>	
Formats & Sizes	• Tube  • 71 g  • 170 g	Constants  Constants  Constants  Constants
	Application Directions	Rationale
	th the date and the client's name.	The container is for single patient use only and should be used within a month.
Cleanse the wound and the peri-wound skin with sterile normal saline or agency approved wound cleanser, if appropriate for the wound; dry peri-wound skin.		Reduces wound debris and allows for adhesion of dressing or tape.
To Apply  Maintain sterility of th	se tin of the tube while using	
Maintain sterility of the tip of the tube while using.  Application should be done in <u>one direction only</u> and to a thickness of 3mm such that the <u>skin is not visible through the cream</u> .  For a wound area which is 'difficult to dress' and has minimal		Product is safe to use on the peri-wound skin; does not cause maceration.
<ul> <li>exudate:</li> <li>Use a sterile applicator to apply Triad to the wound bed and 2.5cm of the peri-wound skin to a thickness of 3mm.</li> <li>Do not apply a cover dressing; allow the paste to dry which providing a covering for the wound.</li> </ul>		Dry-time will be dependent upon the amount of exudate in the wound; if using in the sacral-coccxy area and a incontinent brief is required, allow to completely dry before apply the brief
eschar and the per	ickness of 3mm over slough/necrotic tissue/	

Created by the British Columbia Provincial Nursing Skin & Wound Committee in collaboration with the Wound Clinicians from

















## **Skin and Wound Product Information Sheet**

For wounds with undermining/sinus/tunnels (see Key Points)			
• Use a sterile applicator or sterile gloves; apply/massage a light			
layer of Triad to plain packing ribbon/roll or 4x4 gauze dressing.			
• Fill/pack undermining/sinus/tunnels and cavity areas with gauze			
ribbon/roll/dressing. Leave a tail of the ribbon so that it can			
easily be seen.			
Cover with appropriate cover dressing to manage the expected			
exudate.			
Frequency of Dressing Change			
For wounds with shallow depth and a clean wound bed:			
<ul> <li>Reapply Triad at least every 5-7 days or as necessary.</li> </ul>			
For wounds with depth/undermining/sinus/tunnel:			
Change packing daily; irrigate the area to ensure that no paste			
residue is left in the non-visible spaces.			
For wounds needing autolytic debridement:			
• Reapply Triad layer q1-3 days as needed.			
To Remove Product			
• It is not necessary to remove all of the dressing paste with each			
dressing change.			
Prior to a full wound assessment being done, remove as much of			
the dressing paste as possible in order to visualize the wound:			
<ul> <li>To remove the top layers of paste: irrigate with 30cc syringe</li> </ul>			
and an irrigation tip catheter; use gauze moistened with the			
Normal Saline and gently but firmly wipe off layers; DO NOT			
rub.			
<ul> <li>For undermining/sinus/tunnel: remove the packing and</li> </ul>			
irrigate the area repeatedly to ensure that the paste is			
removed from the non-visible spaces.			
If needed, apply sterile a Normal Saline compress on 'old'			
paste to soften the paste; leave in place 2-3 minutes then			
wipe off top layers. DO NOT rub.			
To remove all the dried paste; apply gauze moistened with  minoral oil to dried paste; do not nut minoral oil moistened.			
mineral oil to dried paste; <u>do not</u> put mineral oil moistened gauze on any open wound areas; leave in place for 15-20			
minutes then wipe off the paste; DO NOT rub. Repeat as			
needed.			
<ul> <li>To remove dressing paste from the peri-wound skin, use a</li> </ul>			
No-Rinse Skin Cleanser e.g. Remedy No-Rinse Foam Cleanser			
Expected Outcome			
Provides a dressing for a "difficult to dress" wound.			
Wound bed is debrided of slough/necrotic tissue/eschar within 2			
weeks.			
For further information, please contact your Wound Clinician			